From Idea to Prototype Hackathon ENCORE

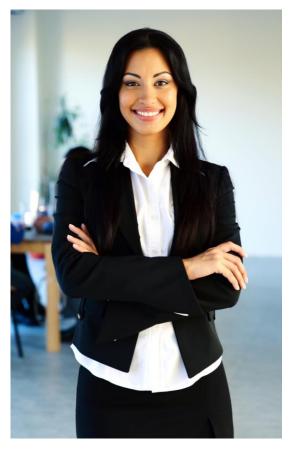
Entrepreneurship
Knowledge Centers to
Foster Innovative
Entrepreneurship
Practices in Education
and Research

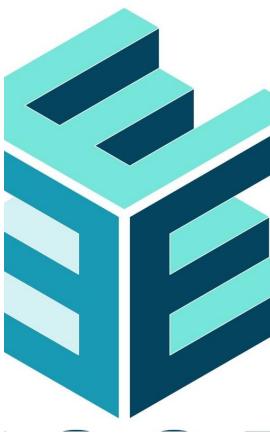
Friday May 4, 2022, from 9 to 14

Reija Anckar & Eva Holmberg



Agenda





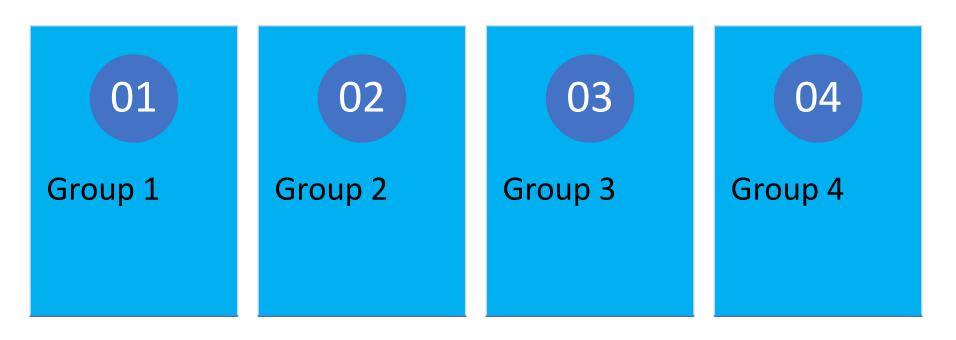
- 9.00 Checking in & grouping
- 9.45 Empathy
- 10.15 Define
- 11.00 BREAK
- 11.30 Ideate
- 12.00 Prototype
- 12.30 Test
- 13.20 Reflections and take-aways
- 13.30 Checking out

Assignment today

- TO DEVELOP A SERVICE IDEA FOR YOUR EKC
- TO PROCESS THE IDEA
- TO MAKE IT A PROTOTYPE TO TEST
- TO GET AND GIVE FEEDBACK



You are going to work in mixed groups now

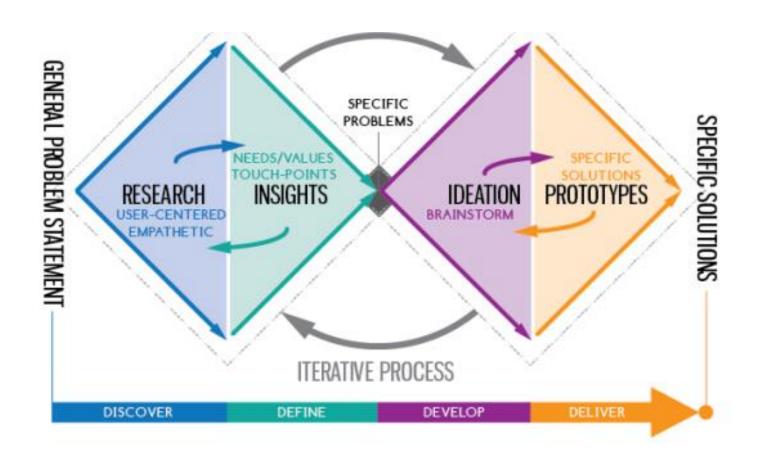






Double Diamond, Service Design Vancouver



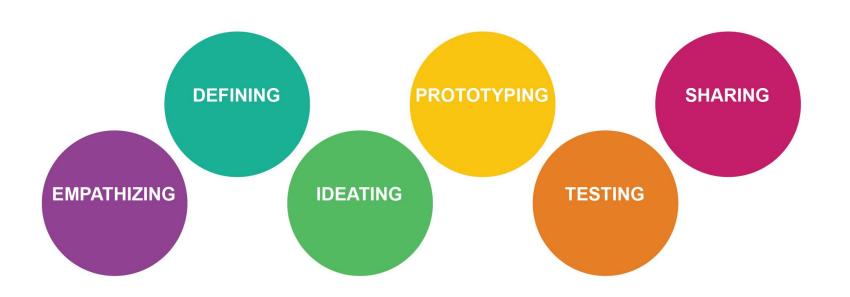








Design thinking, Stanford

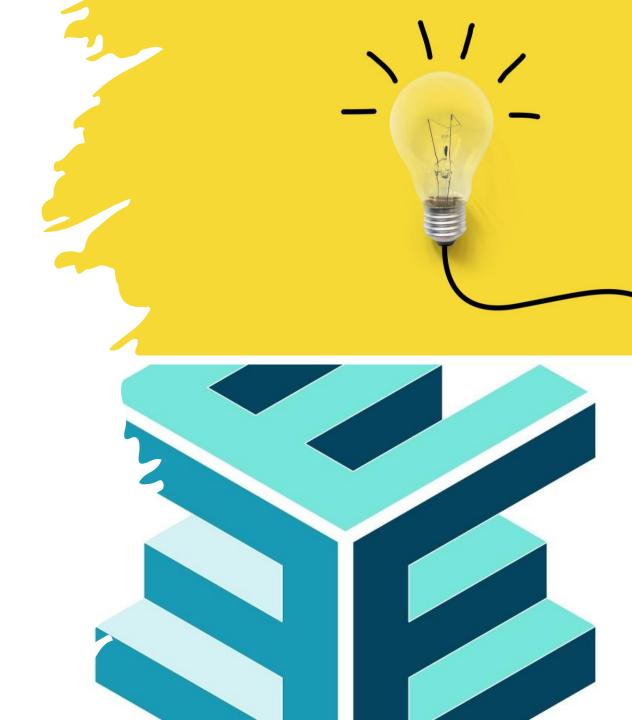




About team work practices

- Give your group a name.
- Decide what will be your problem to solve today.
- Be prepared to document your phases, ideas, and prototypes on computer or paper or whiteboard.

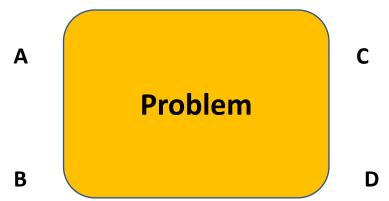
Starting the design thinking process





EMPATHIZE





- 1. D is the customer, who has the problem. A, B and C empathize and interview D.
- 2. Then, A is a customer, who adopts D's problem as his/her own. B, C & D empathize and interview A.
- 3. This time, B is the customer, who adopts D's problem as his/her own. A, C and D empathize and interview B.
- 4. Now, C is the customer, who adapts D's problem. A,B and D empathize and interview C.

To remember



You work in groups.

Remember to document it all.

Someone has to keep time and observe: 2 minutes/interview.

When you interview: Ask to talk about own experience related to the problem. WHO, WHAT, WHEN?

Second round:





D is the customer, who has the problem. A, B and C empathize and interview C.

Then A is a customer, who adopts D's problem as his/her own. B, C and D empathize and interview A.

Then, B is the customer, who adopts D's problem as his/her own. A, C and D empathize and interview B.

Finally, C is the customer with D's problem. A, B and D empathize.

Dig stories, feelings & emotion. 5 x WHY? Try to understand, what is the actual NEED?

2. Define





Capture your findings.



Define the actual problem by going through your notes.



Everyone defines individually in 3 minutes.



Make your notes.





INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE STATEMENT

Create a problem statement in your teams

- The problem statement presents <u>customer's</u>
 Point of View (PoV).
- Reframe the actual problem and create a problem statement together (6 min.)
- Prepare to present your PoV to other groups.

STATEMENT

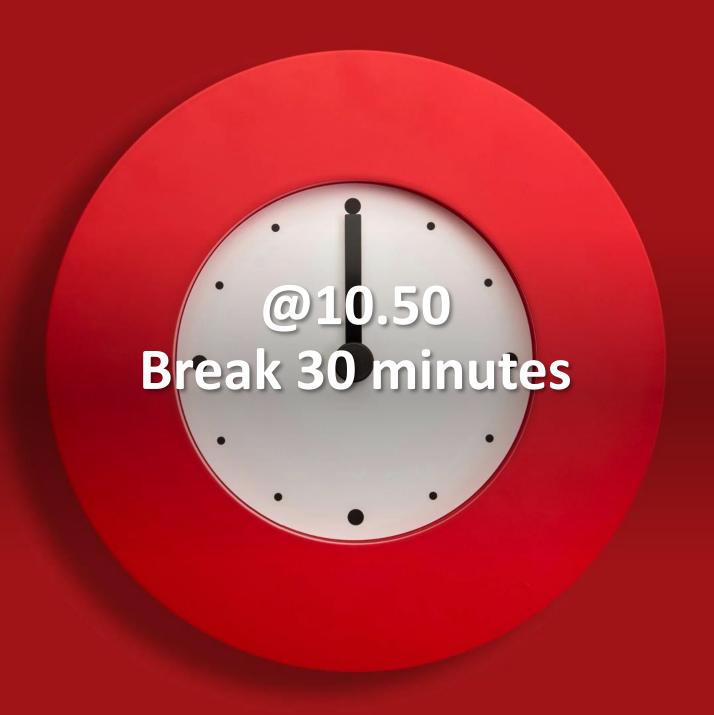
(USER = ONE PERSON)
needs to
(USER'S NEED, VERB)
because
(SURPRISING INSIGHT, WHY?)





Present your problem statement 5 minutes

ALL TOGETHER







NOW



Sketch radical solutions together.

Generate alternative solutions on paper/computer.

Sketch 3 – 5 novel ways to meet your customers need and problem with your team (5 min.).

Share and capture feedback!

- You get a sparring team and you will spar each other.
- Team X presents its solutions (5 min)
- Team Y provides feedback (5 min).
- Then you swap roles.
- Remember to make notes.





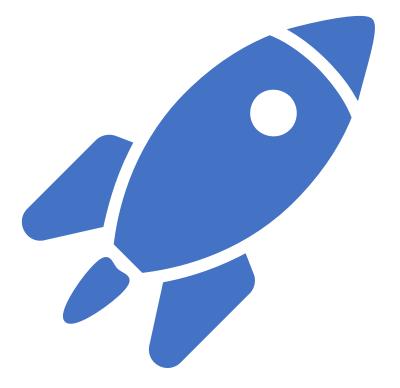
Reflect and create a new solution!



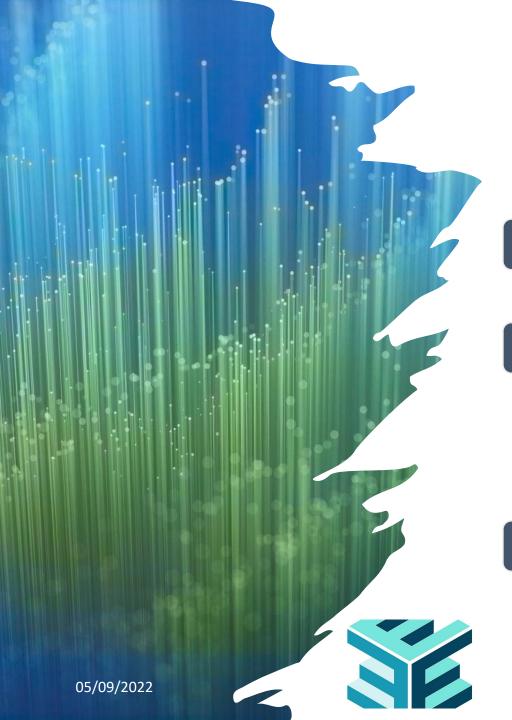








4. Prototype



Build your solution and visualize!

Build

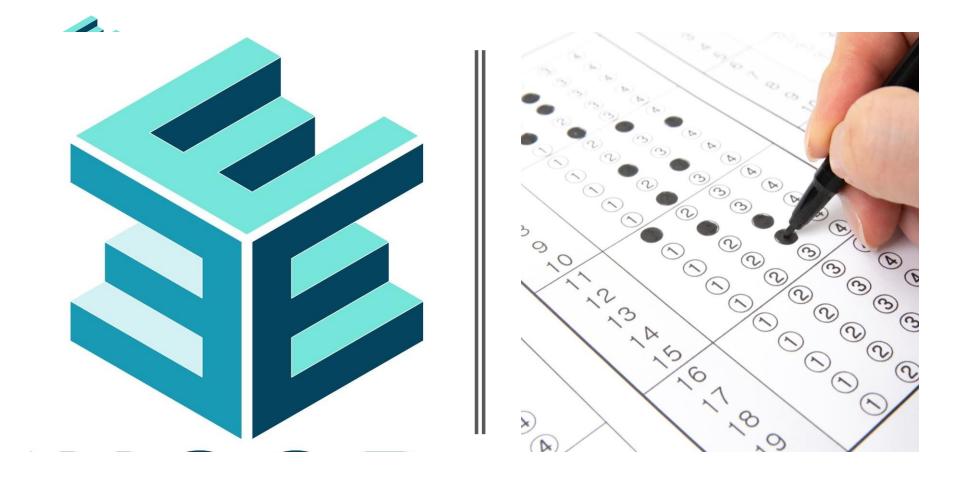
• - Build your concrete solution together with your team.

Utilize

• - Utilize visualization and presentation graphics while describing your solution. For example, PowerPoint, Prezi, Canva, Balsamiq, Marvel, Adobe, Pen & paper, photos, Flinga white board, etc. Think about commercials, for instance.

Make

 - Make something concrete that the customer / end-user can engage and interact with. (15 min.)



5. Test

Testing







1.Share your team's prototype (5 min./team)

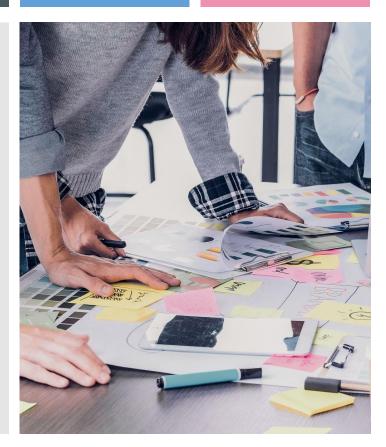


2. Peers and supervisors provide feedback. (5 min./team)



Reflections and takeaways

- De-briefing of the methodology
 - Human-centered design: empathy
 - Experimentation and prototyping: innovations
 - A bias towards action: learning by doing
 - •Show don't tell but experience + visual + story
 - Power of iteration: successful outcome



Questions





1.Which one of the solutions you really liked?

2.Which of the solutions you are most curious of?

3. Which is the hardest to implement?

4.Whichof the ideas will make most money?



THANK YOU FOR YOUR EFFORTS HERE TODAY!



05/09/2022